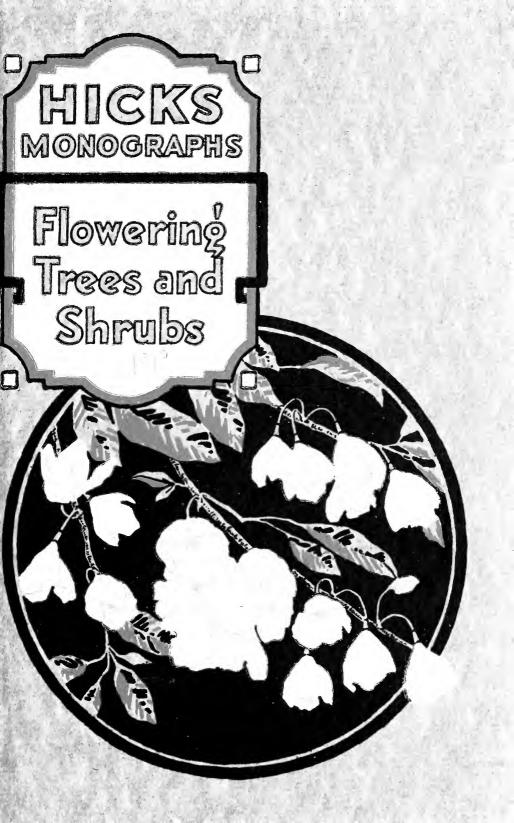
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Hicks Monographs

Flowering Trees and Shrubs
Shade and Lawn Trees
Evergreen Trees and Shrubs
Foundation Plantings
Fruits and Small Fruits
Hardy Garden Flowers

FLOWERING TREES AND SHRUBS

Old Favorites New and Rare Species

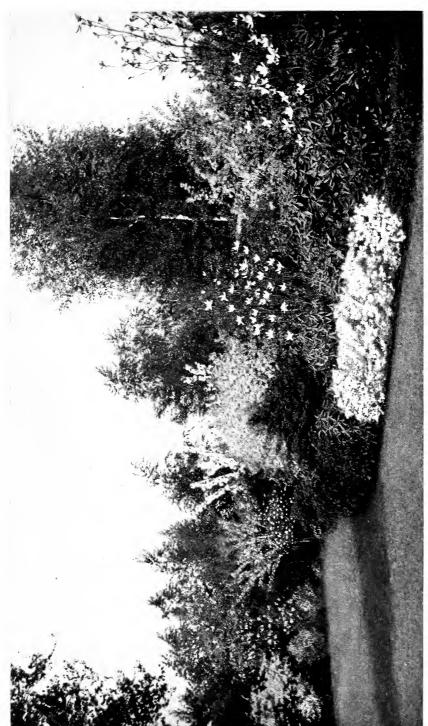
WHEN THEY BLOOM
HOW TO USE THEM
THEIR REQUIREMENTS

LANDSCAPE SUGGESTIONS

HICKS NURSERIES

WESTBURY LONG ISLAND, N. Y.





Boundary of flowering trees and shrubs. Almost too beautiful to be real. All of this enchanting color and fragrance might just as well be a part of your landscape. It requires a longing for that which is beautiful, more than a knowledge of varieties, soil, or culture. We are here to help you.



Flowering Trees and Shrubs

LMOST any tree or shrub, if healthy, adds charm to the landscape. Those that flower add so much more beauty. Indeed, the most delightful landscapes are those where flowering trees have a large representation. They appear like the work of a master fairy on account of the masses of colors that vie with each other so harmoniously throughout the season. The loveliness is entrancing.

Think of all the rare floral gems that tint the landscape and keep the atmosphere full of fragrance! You can have them—every one—all about your grounds, to smile in a wealth of bloom at their appointed time. The tumbling masses of Cherry and Apple blossoms; Halesia, with its thousands of silver bells that tinkle so early in the spring; Magnolias, the most glorious of all the glorious, for their purity and exquisite perfume.

Just this peep into Nature's chest of floral gems makes one devoutly conclude to have them all, and wonder how he has ever been complacent without them.

They may be used as specimens on the lawn, where they can be seen from the house, or they can be hidden in some nook, to be discovered as one is rambling about. No matter where they are used, they are bound to give a large measure of delight.

Let's pull together for a charming landscape.

Everything you purchase from us is guaranteed to grow Guarantee. Everything you parented free. and give satisfaction, or replaced free.

HICKS NURSERIES

WESTBURY, L. I.



Autumn Color

FLOWERS make the landscape radiant. Autumn foliage makes it blaze with brilliancy. Some species begin to turn in September, while others wait for a severe frost. This makes the autumn array last several weeks. Acer ginnala and Cornus florida are first to turn—a most fitting introduction to the gorgeous burst of crimson, gold, and scarlet which follows. See Oxydendrum, Berberis, Euonymus, etc.

Acanthopanax (Aralia) pentaphyllum five-leaved aralia

You will be delighted with the gracefulness of this bush, and if you have a shady place that has caused anxiety, this will be happy there. See, also, page 22.

Each 10 100

2 ft. high ... \$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00

3 ft. high ... 75 6 00 40 00

Acer MAPLE

 ACER GINNALA. Siberian Maple. This grows 12 feet high and is a most gorgeous sight in early fall when it turns to intense scarlet.

 2 ft. high.
 Each 10 100

 2 ft. high.
 \$0.40 83 50 \$30 00

 3 ft. high.
 60 5 00 45 00

 Jamese Green-leaved Maple. An

 ACER PALMATUM.
 Japanese Green-leaved Maple.
 Another brilliant autumn tree but also pleasing in summer for its light green, airy foliage. Grows 8 feet high.
 Each 10
 \$7 50

 2 ft. high.
 2 50
 20 00

Æsculus Hippocastanum white-flowering horse-chestnut

Aralia spinosa HERCULES' CLUB

Grows 8 feet high and has a gigantic terminal plume of white in July, followed by a cluster of shining berries. Very tropical in appearance. 6 ft. high, \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10.



Azaleas. All their blaze and brilliancy can be yours. Their simple requirements are wind-protection and decaying leaves. Don't be afraid of giving too many, and dig them in every year. If you have any woodland, Azaleas will be happy there, too.



AMYGDALUS COMMUNIS FL.-PL. Double-flowering Almond. One of the old-fashioned shrubs and still a favorite for its little, double, pink or white rosettes along the stems early in May. State color wanted. 2 ft. high, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.

AMYGDALUS (PRUNUS) TRILOBA. Double-flowering Plum-A trim little tree to mix in your shrubbery. The blossoms are like little, double, pink roses and appear in profusion early in May. 3 to 4 ft. high, \$1 each, \$9 for 10.

AMYGDALUS PERSICA. Double-flowering Peach. This will

Aronia chokeberry

ARONIA ARBUTIFOLIA. Red Chokeberry. An excellent shrub for its bright red berries, that make the landscape bright practically all winter. Grows 6 feet. 2 to 3 ft. high, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.

ARONIA MELANOCARPA. Black Chokeberry. Same as above, but has black sparkling berries that hang in heavy clusters. 112 ft. high, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

Azalea

 AZALEA ARBORESCENS. Fragrant Azalea. A large shrub with bright green foliage turning to rich crimson in the fall. White, sweet-scented flowers in July.

 1 ft. high
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AZALEA NUDIFLORA. Pinkster Flower. They make the woodland delightful in early spring when their pink blossoms appear before the leaves. The extreme earliness is a worthy consideration. 1½ ft. high, \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10, \$100 per 100.

AZALEA VASEYI. Carolina Azalea. The gem of the genus. Big, shell-pink flowers, expanding in early spring. The foliage turns a rich red in the fall. Grows 4 feet. 1 ft. high, \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10, \$90 per 100.

Benzoin æstivale spice bush

3 ft. high. 75 4 ft. high. 1 00 6 00 50 00

Berberis Thunbergii JAPANESE BARBERRY

One planter said, "You cannot use too much Barberry." It is becoming more and more popular as a hedge and makes low, self-sustaining masses of the most pleasing texture. Worth planting for its fall coloring alone. 1½ ft. high, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10, \$25 per 100.

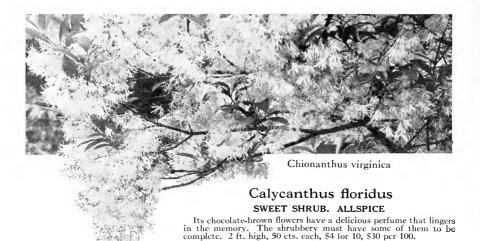


Azalea Garden

A^N Azalea garden is an inspiration because of the wondrous beauty in form and color of the flowers. Such a garden is not often seen because the plants are not often available in sufficient quantity. Our large stock is therefore an opportunity. Don't forget to tuck in some Enkianthus, too; its requirements are the same.



Azalea



Berries for Winter

THE landscape can be just as attractive in winter as at any other season. Bright berries help to make it so. We offer many species that hold their scarlet and red fruits practically all winter. If you want a cheerful-all-year landscape, use plenty of Berberis, Aronia, Viburnum, and Ilex. The birds are mighty thankful for them too, when they return from the South in the early spring.

Caryopteris incana (Mastacanthus) BLUE SPIREA

Yes, it's blue and it blooms in the fall. This really is enough in its favor, but, behold, it keeps low, too. 2 ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$30 per 100.

Cercis

CERCIS CANADENSIS. American Judas Tree. Red-Bud. Very showy in early spring when the rosy purple flowers almost conceal the branches. Let them tower above the shrubbery. 4 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10, \$50 per 100.

CERCIS CHINENSIS. Japanese Judas Tree. Before the leaves appear in early May, this shrub has its twigs covered with crowded, rose-pink, pea-shaped blossoms. It makes a large bush, while the American Judas develops into a small tree. 3 to 4 ft. high, \$1.75 each, \$15 for 10.

Chionanthus virginica white fringe

Everybody likes the flowers as they appear in June hanging among the foliage like delicate lace. 3 to 4 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.



Berberis Thunbergii. Always cheerful, dainty, and beautiful. Even the blasts of winter, fogs, and slush fail to dim the abundant scarlet berries which are a feature in the landscape until April.



CORNUS FLORIDA. White-flowering Dogwood. In early May, before the leaves appear, it illuminates the woodland with white blossoms, floating like butterflies through the darker parts of the forests, or in horizontal strata, white as snow along the edges.

		10	
4 ft. high	.\$1 00	\$7.00	\$60.00
6 ft. high	. 1 75	15 00	125 00
8 ft. high	. 2 50	20 00	175 00
CODETTO DE CONTRE DETERMENT DE LA		T-	4 77

 CORNUS FLORIDA RUBRA.
 Red-flowering Dogwood.
 You will certainly want a few of these to mix in with the white variety.

 3 ft. high.
 \$2 00 \$17 50 \$150 00
 \$150 00

 4 ft. high.
 3 00 27 50 250 00

 2 ft. high
 \$0.60
 \$5.00
 \$40.00

 3 ft. high
 1.25
 10.00
 90.00

 4 ft. high
 2.00
 17.50
 125.00

 6 ft. high
 3.00
 27.50
 250.00

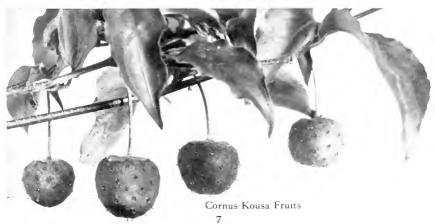
 COPNIIS MAS. Correlian Charge. This blooms in Moreh or

CORNUS MAS. Cornelian Cherry. This blooms in March or April, according to the season, and gives an effect similar to forsythia, or spice bush. In September it produces berries almost as large as an oxheart cherry. 5 ft. high, \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10.

CORNUS OFFICINALIS. Japanese Cornelian Cherry. The same as the preceding but a week earlier. We have a large quantity, so you can use them by the hundred or thousand in your landscape. They will open in the house in 5 days. 2 ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$25 per 100.

Cornus Kousa

This is the Japanese Dogwood, and one does not have to be keen about the beautiful to appreciate it. Any of your shrub plantings at once become distinct when such a rare species is interwoven. Have you woodland? Try some of these in the edge or plant promiscuously among wild cedars. The flowers are creamy white, more pointed than our native Dogwood, and appear a month later, having their own foliage for a background. The strawberrylike fruits that come in the fall are also interesting. Illustrated below. This is the first opportunity to get this in abundance and at a low price.



Cotoneaster horizontalis CHINESE QUINCEBERRY

This makes a low-growing plant, radiant with scarlet berries. Excellent for banks and low evergreen plantings. You will be pleased to have this in your landscape. 1½ ft. wide, \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Cratægus Oxyacantha Paulii PAUL'S DOUBLE SCARLET-FLOWERING HAWTHORN

Cydonia japonica

Very attractive for its bright, double flowers that appear in May. An excellent tree to rise from the shrubbery. 4 to 5 ft. high, \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10.

Cydonia japonica JAPANESE QUINCE

Everyone knows this by sight, if not by name. It looks aflame the first of May when the scarlet flowers open. 2 to 3 ft. high, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.

Deutzias

DEUTZIA LEMOINEI. Lemoine's Deutzia. The white flowers completely blanket the bush. 2 ft. high, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.

 DEUTZIA SCABRA CANDIDISSIMA. Double White Deutzia.

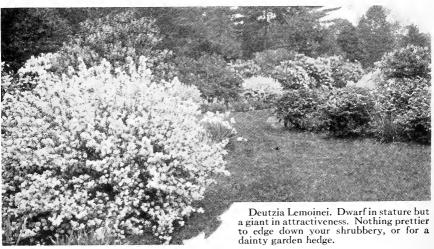
 Attractive clusters of double white bells in June. It will grow 7 feet high.
 Each 10 100

 2 ft. high.
 \$0 35 \$3 \$3 00 \$25 00

 3 ft. high.
 60 5 00 40 00

Elæagnus umbellata JAPANESE OLEASTER

Good for dry soil. In November there is a store of sweet, pulpy berries and the temptation to break off a twig can hardly be resisted. 3 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10, \$50 per 100.



Winter Forcing

home even though spring may

be a good ways off. Dormant

branches from many shrubs

quickly burst into bloom when brought inside. Cornus

mas, Spiræa Thunbergii, Cydonia, Forsythia and Salix

Caprea are a few you may

enjoy.

7OU can have the atmosphere of spring in your



Each St 00 TO

Exochorda grandiflora PEARL BUSH

scape planters who know its value. It will grow 10 feet high. Makes

an exquisite hedge.

3 ft. high.....

Take some of these on our recommendation. It is very showy in bloom and maintains a healthy foliage throughout the rest of the season. Put twenty of them in the rear of a shrub border, or let them illuminate pines and cedars, like dogwood. 3 to 4 ft. high, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.

Forsythia

FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI. Fortune's Golden Bell. The banks of yellow flowers in early spring are indelible in the memory. Their flowering characteristic is not to be emphasized, however, more than the dense mass of healthy foliage, 8 feet high.

Each 10 100

3 ft. high Each 10 100 5 ft. high 50 40 83 50 830 00 5 ft. high 75 6 00 50 00

FORSYTHIA SUSPENSA. Drooping Golden Bell. This gives the characteristic mass of yellow bloom and has long, slender, pendulous branches. It makes a beautiful effect when hanging over a retaining wall. Prices same as preceding.

FORSYTHIA VIRIDISSIMA. Golden Bell. This makes a sturdy, upright shrub. The foliage turns a dark purple in the fall. Each 100 100 3 ft. high. S0 40 \$3 50 \$30 00

Halesia tetraptera SILVER BELL. SNOWDROP TREE

The Silver Bell makes a small tree, heavily laden in May with dainty, white, bell-shaped flowers. See front cover. 4 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.

Hamamelis virginiana witch-hazel

Latest of all flowers. It will bloom during November and until mid-December. The flowers are like tiny strips of paper, twisted. 2 ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100.



Exochorda grandiflora



Hibiscus syriacus. They make the shrubbery attractive in August. No doubt you will welcome flowers at that season.

Hibiscus

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS (ALTHÆA). Rose of Sharon. There is the harvest of flowers in May and June and then invariably comes the dry, wilting period of summer, with but few flowers. Drought-stricken, dusty vegetation is freshened decidedly in appearance when the Altheas lift up their profusion of double and single white and pink bloom in August. State colors preferred. 2 to 3 ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$30 per 100.

HIBISCUS, JEANNE D'ARC. Double White Rose of Sharon. This is like a double, white rose and will stand out like a marble statue in your shrubbery. 3 ft. high, 80 cts. each, \$7.50 for 10, \$60 per 100.

Hydrangea

| HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA. Hills of Snow. A low shrub, with large, white flowers like snowballs in midsummer. | Each | 10 | 100 | 15 th high | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ...

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA. Common Hydrangea. The flowers are abnormally large, and we might remind you that a few of these plants go a long way in a landscape. If large blooms represent your enthusiasm, cut the plant back severely each year to reduce the number of new shoots, and feed well.

2 ft. high. \$\frac{\text{Each}}{\text{s0}}\$ 10 \\ \text{100}}{\text{35}}\$ \$\frac{\text{30}}{\text{\$00}}\$ \$\frac{\text{\$25}}{\text{00}}\$ 03 ft. high. \$\text{60}\$ 5 00 40 00

HYDRANGEA QUERCIFOLIA. Oak-leaved Hydrangea. A low-growing plant with leaves like the red oak, and bearing panicles of flowers in July, making it a unique plant. Rare. 2 ft. high, \$1.75 each, \$15 for 10.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA TARDIVA. Late-flowering Hydrangea. This blooms in September. The flower-cluster is more open than that of Common Hydrangea, and for that reason is a little more harmonious in most landscapes. Each 10 100 2 ft. high \$0.35 \$3.00 \$25.00 3 ft. high 75 6 00 50 00

Hypericum Moserianum GOLD FLOWER

A low-growing plant, with glowing golden flowers, like huge buttercups, 2 inches across. 1 ft. high, 40 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10, \$30 per 100.

Ilex verticillata BLACK ALDER. WINTERBERRY

In low, moist places along the highway or railroad, this appears during the fall and winter, almost as if aflame, so thickly are the black twigs set with holly-like berries. There is little danger of having too many berry-bearing shrubs in your compositions. Black Alder is worthy of a large representation. 1 to 1½ ft. high, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10, \$25 per 100.

Kerria japonica GLOBE FLOWER

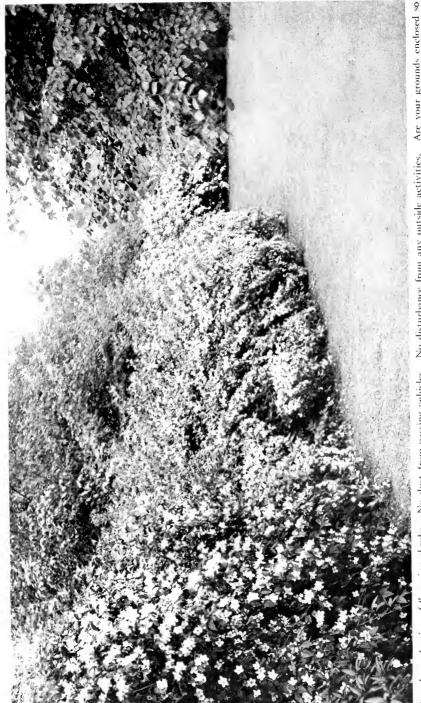
This has yellow flowers early in May. Very attractive foliage, too. It is one of the old-fashioned species that seem to be represented in most shrubbery plantings. We have both the single and double forms. State preference. 2 to 3 ft. high, 50c. ea., \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100.

Kœlreuteria paniculata GOLDEN WREATH VARNISH TREE

One of the very few summerblooming trees. Yellow flowers in July, in panicles a foot long. Each 10 100 4 ft. high. \$0 50 \$3 50 \$25 00 5 ft. high. 75 6 00 50 00



Hydrangea quercifolia. If your shrubbery loses its charm after the lavish display of spring, or if your season for living in the country is limited to the summer months, you will be glad to know about this species, also Buddleia, Pavia, Kælreuteria, and Sorbaria.



Boundary planting of flowering shrubs. No dust from passing vehicles. No disturbance from any outside activities. Are your grounds enclosed so that you can get the fullest enjoyment from them? The satisfaction cannot be measured in dollars and cents. Glad to help you if you need help.



Lonicera tatarica

Big, sturdy, upright bushes, that make a good appearance the year round. They will grow 8 to 10 feet high and equally broad. One beautiful feature is their

early green foliage, which vies with that of the larch, coming two weeks ahead of other foliage. This can form the backbone of your shrubbery or be used where

you need a tall screen. It makes a good hedge, too. Its

plantings; superb as a hedgeplant, 2 feet apart. Each 10 100 2 ft. high . . \$0 40 \$3 50 \$30 00 3 ft. high . . 50 4 50 40 00 4 ft. high . . . 75 7 00 60 00

LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM. California Privet. The common hedge-plant. Plant 8 inches apart. 10 100 2 ft. high. \$1 75 \$7 00 3 ft. high. 2 50 10 00

Lonicera HONEYSUCKLE

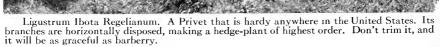
LONICERA FRAGRANTISSIMA. Fragrant Bush Honeysuckle. Occasionally blooms all winter, otherwise in March and April. Bright green foliage until Christmas. 2 to 3 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.

LONICERA TATARICA. Tartarian Honeysuckle. Big, sturdy bushes, with bright red berries that sparkle like the eyes of the birds they attract. One of the most worthy fruiting shrubs. Cream or pink flowers in May. One of the earliest to leaf out in spring.

earliest to Island Each 10 100 2 ft. high \$0.35 \$3.00 \$25.00 3 ft. high 50 4 50 40.00 4 ft. high 75 6 00 50.00

Laburnum vulgare

A slender plant that looks better rising from other foliage. It grows 10 feet high. Early in May it is decked with long racemes of bright, golden yellow, pea-shaped blossoms similar in form to those of the wisteria, 4 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.



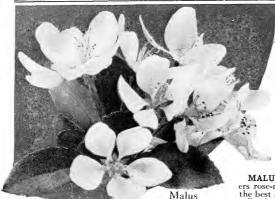
uses are so numerous

that you will probably need a large quantity, and, fortu-

nately, we have them.



Magnolias. Why not make a collection? You can have unusual beauty from the last of April to midsummer. We have a few very rare varieties that we shall be glad to tell you about.



Malus (Pyrus)

MALUS (PYRUS) ATROSAN-GUINEA. Dark Red-flowering Apple. A small tree with symmetrical crown. Flowers coral-red in bud but lighter in color when expanded. 4 ft. high, \$2.50 each, \$20 for 10.

MALUS BACCATA. Siberian Flowering Apple. Flowers white or slightly pink and fragrant. Fruit is yellow, about the size of a cherry. Hardy and beautiful. 6 ft. high, \$5 each, \$40 for 10.

MALUS FLORIBUNDA. Flowering Crab. Flowers rose-red, produced in great profusion. One of the best and should be in every flowering fruit tree collection. 5 ft. high, \$3.50 each, \$30 for 10.

Flowering Fruits

YOU get all the beauty and fragrance of the orchard in concentrated form. You get it the first year, too. During May the sight is magnificent and continuous, as the Flowering Apples, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, and Quinces burst into bloom. They can be planted in the shrubbery, but are highly interesting, regardless of location.

This is an opportunity for you to have a new type of garden, and you could not have one more exquisite.

MALUS IOENSIS BECHTELI. Bechtel's Double-flowering Crab. A small tree which is a delight to look upon when it is covered in May with fragrant, double pink blossoms, like miniature roses. 3 ft. high, \$1.75 each, \$15 for 10.

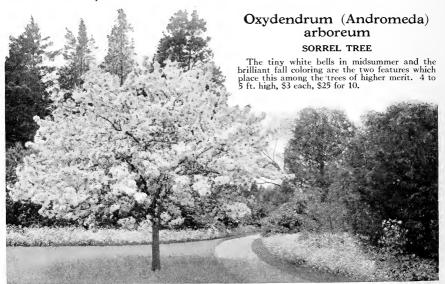
MALUS PARKMANII. Parkman's Flowering Apple. A form with semi-double, rose-colored flowers. The beautiful pendent blossoms, borne in wonderful profusion, distinguish this from the other Flowering Crabs. 4 to 5 ft., \$3 each, \$25 for 10.

MALUS SARGENTII. Possibly the most handsome of all we offer. Large, pink, fragrant flowers and yellow fruits. Rare. 1 ft. high, \$1 each, \$7.50 for 10.

MALUS SPECTABILIS. Chinese Flowering Crab. A handsome early-flowering variety. Leaves turn a bright yellow in autumn. Fruit reddish yellow. 5 ft. high, \$3.50 each, \$30 for 10.

Myrica cerifera BAYBERRY. WAX MYRTLE

A dry-ground standby. Makes a beautiful round mass of glossy foliage that remains healthy when other shrubs look wilted and sad. 6 to 12 in. high, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100.



Malus. There is only one thing that is more glorious than a Flowering Apple, and that is a collection of them. Our list gives you a good opportunity to get a collection.

WESTBURY LONG ISLAND

Pavia macrostachya DWARF HORSE-CHESTNUT

This has erect panicles of white flowers in July. It is rare and never fails to excite admiration. Try a few and have something \$6 00 3 ft. high...... 1 00 9 00

Philadelphus

PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS. Sweet Syringa. Mock Orange. It wouldn't be a typical border without Syringa to fill the atmosphere in early June with its rare fragrance. The plants we offer are of unusual Each SO 50 value. 10 \$4 50 6 00 \$40.00 75 50.00

PHILADELPHUS LEMOINEI, AVALANCHE. Hybrid Syringa. A variety with very fragrant, semi-double flowers. As yet quite rare. 2 to 3 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.

Photinia villosa CHINESE CHRISTMAS BERRY

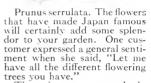
A large shrub, bearing a profusion of white flowers in May and loose clusters of bright red berries in autumn. It is valuable both for its flower and fruit. Plant it for the birds.

		10	100
3 ft. high	\$0 50	\$4.00	\$35 00
4 ft. high	75	6 00	50 00
5 ft. high	1 00	9 00	80 00

Prunus

PRUNUS SERRULATA SACHALINENSIS (SARGENTII). Those who appreciate rare plants are pretty apt to

have this on their list and are willing to pay whatever price that may be quoted. Try them. 2 to 3 ft. high, \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10. PRUNUS SUBHIRTELLA PENDULA. Japanese Weeping Cherry. It makes a little tree of widely waving branches, so slender that they do



There is no guesswork in such a request either, for wherever flowering trees are used there is sure to be a large measure of delight. The de-light starts in the early spring and continues right through the season. Landscape architects also use them among shrubbery to give a more interesting sky-line. Certainly shrubs become monotonous where the height is not varied.



Pavia. Another shrub that blooms in midsummer. You will be delighted to have it, not only for its unusual blooming period, but because it is beautiful and rare.



Syringas (Lilacs) Prof. C. S. Sargent's Estate, Brookline, Mass. Sort of a peep into paradise. The hard thing to realize is that all this loveliness can be had right in your own garden. You have the same sunshine, dew and showers. The soil is not so important. See pages 20 and 21 for varieties. This plate is reproduced, by permission of The Macmillan Co., from the Cyclopedia of Horticulture, edited by L. II. Bailey. Copyrighted, 1917, by The Macmillan Co.

WESTBURY LONG ISLAND

Rhodotypos kerrioides WHITE KERRIA

A shrub growing 6 feet high, with white blossoms. It is a graceful shrub and would be used more if its merits were better known.

Each \$20 00

Rhus

RHUS AROMATICA. Fragrant Sumac. One of the few low, drought-resistant shrubs for dry banks and edging tall shrubs. It grows 2 to 4 feet high, with trailing stems. Foliage turns to a brilliant red late in the season. 1½ ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$35 per 100.

RHUS COTINUS. Purple Fringe. Smoke Tree. Has fluffy purple flowers that look like puffs of smoke. This makes an irregular shrub 10 feet high, conspicuous among all others from June to September. 3 ft. high, 60 cts. each, 85 for 10.

Salix Caprea Pussy willow

This and the robins are two sure signs of spring. 4 to 5 ft. high, \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10.

Sambucus

SAMBUCUS CANADENSIS. Common Elder. Late in June this has white flowers in flat heads about 8 inches wide, followed by purplish black fruits. 3 ft. high, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.

SAMBUCUS PUBENS. Red-berried Elder. This has the most conspicuous berries, which are borne in July. Brilliant red. 2 to 3 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10, \$50 per 100.

Sorbaria Aitchisonii

Another valuable summer-flowering shrub. The feathery plumes appear about the first of July, rising from very attractive foliage. 4 ft. high, 90 cts. each, \$7.50 for 10.



Syringa villosa

Have a Lilac-garden. It will be the sweetest place on earth! And, to make it sweeter yet, there is no reason why some Mock Oranges cannot be added, and a Sweet Bay Magnolia (\$5). a patch of the little, rare Daphne Cneorum (\$9 for 10), and Honeysuckle. These will make such a profusion of sweetness in your garden that cares and anxieties won't be able to get in.



Screen of large-growing shrubs. Philadelphus or Mock Orange in the foreground. How account for anything unattractive in the landscape when it can be so easily and completely intercepted by such smiling masses?



SPIRÆA BUMALDA, ANTHONY WATERER. It grows to be a compact dome, 3 feet high, and available if the situation demands a low-growing species, as at foundations, dangerous crossings, etc. Red. Each 10 100

be. The tiny, double flowers come early in May.

Each 10 100
2 ft. high ... \$0.40 \$3.50 \$25.00
3 ft. high ... 60 5 00 40 00
4 ft. high ... 100 7 50 60 00

SPIRÆA THUNBERGII. Snow Garland. The first of May this brightens the shrubbery with its fluffy mass of white flowers. All summer the delicate foliage is decorative, changing in autumn to various shades of orange and red. 1 ft. high, 40 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10, \$30 per 100.

 SPIRÆA VANHOUTTEI. A shrub of high landscape value.

 During the middle of May it is a mass of gracefully arching sprays of pure white flowers.
 Each 10 100

 2 ft. high.
 \$0 50 \$4 50 \$40 00

 3 ft. high.
 75 6 00 50 00

Styrax japonica JAPANESE STORAX

A little tree, with dark, privet-like leaves and graceful, horizontal branches. About the middle of June it is covered with waxy white flowers like orange blossoms. Plant one or a dozen and you will have one of the gems of the floral world.



Styrax japonica

ceptional garden to have such

beautiful, rare plants as these.

Rather a garden is exceptional

that is fortunate enough to

have them. You get a new

joy from your garden as you become acquainted with rare

It doesn't require an ex-

Spiræa Vanhouttei. It doesn't molest the atmosphere of a garden in the least but rather adds charm. For walling in a garden or separating the different departments, this Spiræa is at once appropriate and beautiful. It is vigorous enough to perform its mission thoroughly, and not too vigorous to get out of scale.



Symphoricarpos racemosus SNOWBERRY

This can be used extensively to wear in among the other shrubs, to bring foli-age down to the ground. The white, age down to the ground.

Symphoricarpos vulgaris INDIAN CURRANT, CORAL BERRY

The bright red berries hang so thick along the pendulous branches in autumn as to appear like strings of eoral. It can branches. Be used to advantage on steep banks as it sends out running which take root and prevent washing. It also qualifies where a planting not over three feet high is required as at the boundary of taller shrubs. Each 10 100 1 1 thigh. So 35 83 00 820 00 50 4 00 35 00

Symplocos paniculata

This is very rare. It makes a large shrub with slender, spreading branches, and sometimes reaches a height of 40 fect. The white flowers, which resemble the deutzia, are borne in profusion in May and are followed by bright blue berries late in summer. There is a satisfaction in having something out of the ordinary, providing it has real merit. This is decidedly out of the ordinary and does have real merit. See color illustration, page 22. Order early. 2 to 3 ft. high, \$3 each, \$27.50 for 10.

Symplocos paniculata

We consider it an honored privilege to disseminate this plant. We have hesitated to offer it, fearing our stock might not go around. The fine fraternal spirit of rareplant lovers we know will manifest itself as usual. Get one and tell your

friends to do the same. See berries in color on page

> Symphoricarpos racemosus



We have to get a word in for the birds somewhere and it might as well be right here. If their company is worth anything, it is worth whatever the few berry-bearing shrubs that attract them may cost. It is a simple matter to weave in species that fruit. Not only for the sake of the birds but for the sake of a better landscape. Berries are distinctly ornamental the year around and should be used liberally. If you wish we shall be glad to make up a collection for you. 50 plants, 1½ ft., \$10, 100 plants, \$19.



Syringa, Marie Legraye

I SN'T there a temptation to bury your nose in a cluster of lilaes like this? We have hinted elsewhere of the delight you would get from a collection of lilaes. So convinced are we of this, that we feel it is but to your interest to mention it again and refer to page 21 for varieties.

Syringa persica PERSIAN LILAC

Earlier than the Common Lilac. Pale lilac f that gracefully bend their slender branches.	lowers
Each 3 to 4 ft. high	\$5 00 9 00

Syringa villosa HIMALAYAN LILAC

This blooms late, stretching the Lilac season one or two weeks. Pinkish flowers.

26 11 1	Fach	10	100
2 ft. high	.\$0 75	\$6 00	\$50 00
3 ft. high	. 1 00	7 50	

Syringa vulgaris COMMON PURPLE LILAC

The Lilac has so fastened itself on the affection that the annual perfume is heralded with ecstasy. Modern architecture might forbid a clump under the dining-room window, but you are sure to reserve space somewhere about the premises. Each reserve space space somewhere about the premises. Each reserve space spa

Syringa vulgaris alba common white lilac



An informal boundary of flowers and shrubs. The shrubs give the seclusion one expects in the garden. By intercepting the view, they make one curious to know what is beyond, and if your garden is all it should be, there is always something beyond that is interesting.

WESTBURY LONG ISLAND

Syringa, continued

SYRINGA, BELLE DE NANCY. A very beautiful double pink with white center. 2 to 3 ft. high, \$1 each, \$9 for 10, \$75 per 100.

SYRINGA, CHAS. X. Dark lilac-red; single. One of the best. 3 to 4 ft. high, \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10.

SYRINGA, CONDORCET. A handsome double blue Lilae. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high, 75 ets. each, \$6 for 10, \$50 per 100.

SYRINGA, DR. MASTERS. Double. Spikes a foot long; flowers light lilac, lighter in middle. 2 to 3 ft. high, \$1 each, \$9 for 10, \$75 per 100.

SYRINGA, LAMARCK. Very large panicles of rosy lilae flowers. 3 to 4 ft. high, \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10, \$90 per 100.

SYRINGA, LUDWIG SPAETH. Dark blue; single. 2 to 3 ft. high, \$1 each, \$9 for 10, \$75 per 100.

SYRINGA, MARIE LEGRAYE. Single; white. A beautiful variety. 1½ ft. high, 75 ets. each, \$6 for 10, \$50 per 100.

SYRINGA, MME. LEMOINE.	This we regard a		
double white Lilac. 2 ft. high	Each \$1 00 1 25	\$9 00 10 00	\$75 00 90 00
4 ft. high	1 50	12 50	100 00

SYRINGA, MICHAEL BUCHNER. Pale lilac, One of the best double varieties. 2 to 3 ft. high, \$1 each, \$9 for 10, \$75 per 100.

SYRINGA, PRESIDENT GREVY. Beautiful lilae-blue; very double, in extra-long panicles. 2 ft. high, \$1 each, \$9 for 10, \$75 per 100.

SYRINGA, PYRAMIDALIS.	Panicles	exceedi	ngly der	ise; car-
mine in bud.			10	
1½ ft. high		SO 75	\$6.00	\$50 00
3 ft high		1 25	10.00	90.00

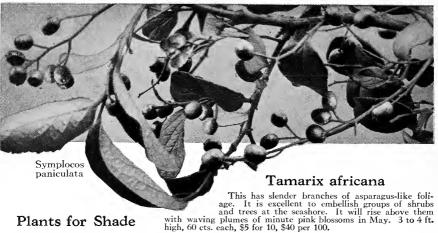


Syringa, Mme. Lemoine

NEW uses for shrubbery are constantly presenting themselves. No use talking, for doing a job quickly, and doing it well, and doing it economically, shrubs are pretty sure to qualify. We shall be glad to advise you which will particularly qualify for the purpose you intend. Give us the details and get our suggestions.



Syringa Persica. Shrubs are not bushes but friends. They nod, smile, and welcome you as you walk around. Love them, protect them, provide what they may need, and you will enjoy their fragrance and beauty more.



Plants for Shade

SHADE is not a detriment, but offers vast possibilities. Consider the woodland. It is a master creation.

Many of the rarest floral gems thrive in the shade. Nature has used them sparingly. You can use them boldly. Azaleas, Cercis, Cornus, Magnolia, Forsythia, Viburnum acerifolium, and Zanthorhiza are a few to start with. Glad to tell you of others and help you make your woodland path a beautiful dream.

If you wish to plant under large Maples or other trees with surface roots it is necessary to provide enough water for both tree and under planting. We shall be glad to tell you more about this also, if you are interested. One of the most beautiful spots you can

Ulex europæus GORSE. FURZE

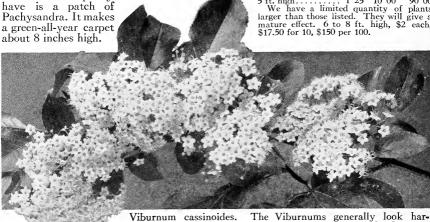
This is a small-growing shrub that mingles well with barberry. Branches are spiny and bright green. Yellow flowers open in December. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$30 per 100.

Viburnum

VIBURNUM ACERIFOLIUM. Maple-leaved Arrow-wood. For shady locations. White flowers in June; black berries. Native under the dogwood and chestnut trees and not happy out in the sun. 1½ ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100.

VIBURNUM CASSINOIDES. Withe-Rod. This makes a big, healthy bush. Cream flowers in June and berries that first turn red Each ..\$0 50 .. 75 and then black, in the fall. 10 \$4 00 100 \$30 00 2 ft. high..... 3 ft. high..... 6 00 50 00

VIBURNUM DENTATUM. Arrow-wood. Most of the Viburnums can be planted for their foliage alone and certainly this one. Give it good soil and you will develop a handsome symmetrical shrub, 8 feet high. Small heads of cream-colored flowers in June, and bunches of blue berries in September. Each





Viburnum

VIBURNUM DILATATUM. Japanese Bush Cranberry. This is a rare species. Its valuable features consist of a profusion of cream-colored flowers in June and bunches of scarlet berries from September through the winter. Each 10 100 \$4 50 \$40 00 7 50 ...\$0 50 1 ft. high.....

VIBURNUM LENTAGO. Sheepberry. Nannyberry. A tree-like shrub with sweet black berries. 2 ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10,

\$35 per 100.

F you want a bulk of foliage to serve as a wall to shut off the street or screen the kitchen, laundry yard or garage, make a liberal use of Viburnum.

It doesn't matter much which ones you use for they are all good.

VIBURNUM OPULUS. High-Bush Cranberry. Another one of the Viburnums almost indispensable in a good landscape. The bunches of cranberry-like fruits hang on the bush all winter. It is the wild form of the common Snowball. 3 ft. high, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10, \$50 per 100. VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILE. Snowball. Guelder Rose. All the flowers are sterile and appear in compact balls in spring. An oldtime favorite. Each \$4 00 3 ft. high..... 75 6 00 \$50.00 VIBURNUM PRUNIFOLIUM. Black Haw. This ultimately grows to be a tree like the dogwood, with black, edible berries. Each 10 100 2 ft. high. \$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00 3 ft. high. 1 00 7 50 VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII. We do VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM. Single-flowered Japanese Snowball. A showy shrub with flat clusters of white flowers in May. 2 ft. high, 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$35

VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM PLICATUM. Japanese Snowball. The white balls are thickly set along the branches, and are very conspicuous. One of the most popular Viburnums. 3 ft. high, \$1 each, \$7.50 for 10, \$60 per 100.

per 100.



Viburnum Sieboldii

23

Weigela hybrida candida

WHITE WEIGELA

A fine, vigorous shrub, with white flowers in June. Keep it toward the back of the shrubbery. 3 ft. high, \$1 each, \$7.50 for 10, \$60 per 100.

Weigela, Eva Rathke

This can be planted in the forepart of the shrubbery. Not so tall as the other Weigelas, but much more brilliant in color. The flowers are crimson and cover the whole plant.

	-	Each	10
2 ft. high		\$0 75	\$6 00
3 ft. high		1 00	7 50

Weigela rosea

Those wishing the greatest display of color will include this. The flowers are various shades of pink. A robust grower.

		10	100
3 ft. high	.\$0 60	\$5 00	\$40 00
4 to 5 ft. high	. 90	7 00	60 00

Xanthoceras sorbifolia CHINESE FLOWERING CHESTNUT

A rare plant you will be glad to have. The flowers are a real delight, as is also the foliage. 3 ft. high, \$1 each, \$8 for 10.

Zanthorhiza apiifolia YELLOW-ROOT

Used extensively as an underplanting and ground-cover, especially in the shade, where it thrives. Grows 1 to 2 feet high. 40 cts. each, \$3 for 10, \$25 per 100.

SERVICE-**GUARANTEE**

Now if there is anything we know about flowering trees and shrubs that you do not

> know, we shall be glad to tell it to you. Ask questions freely, and they will be answered promptly, comprehensively, and without incurring the least obligation. Do not forget, we guarantee satisfaction.

HICKS NURSERIES

Xanthoceras sorbifolia Pruning

COME people seem to prune S their shrubs just for fun, else natural grace and beauty would not so often be sacrificed for inartistic globes and About the only balloons. legitimate reason we have discovered for pruning is to keep your shrubs from getting too large or too wide. The rule to follow is to cut out the oldest and largest branches at the ground. You will not lose any flowers if you prune after the plant has finished blooming.

An exception to the above is Hydrangea. Cut the branches back severely. The size of flower-head is largely governed by the food and water you give the plant.



Weigela rosea



HICKS NURSERIES WESTBURY - LONG ISLAND